

## SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### Sea-level and deep-sea temperature variability of the past 5.3 million years

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#### APPENDIX

**PTC MathCad worksheet for calculation of the  $RSL_{Gib}$  relationship with eastern Mediterranean  $\delta^{18}O$  as measured on the planktonic foraminiferal species *Globigerinoides ruber* (white) and *Neogloboquadrina pachyderma* (dextral).**

Note that, in the list below, we mention “subscript”, but that subscripts are not offset downward in MathCad notation.

The final work reported in our study used  $N=500$  ( $N$  is the number of iterations for the matrix from which the probability intervals are calculated).

$A_p$  = volume of present-day Atlantic inflow through Strait of Gibraltar

Area = area of Mediterranean Sea

$B$  = net freshwater input from Black Sea

$E$  = evaporation

$e_a$  = saturation vapour pressure at temperature of air 10 m above sea-level

$e_s$  = saturation vapour pressure at sea surface temperature

$L$  = latent heat of vaporisation

$P$  = precipitation

$p$  = total pressure at mean sea level in Pa

$q_a$  = saturation mixing ratio at temperature of air 10 m above sea-level

$q_s$  = saturation mixing ratio at sea surface temperature

$Q_{in}$  = Atlantic inflow volume (through St. of Gibraltar)

$r$  = relative humidity

$R$  = runoff

res = results matrix

$S_{inp}$  = present-day inflow salinity (in St. of Gibraltar)

SL = sea level

sl = -SL

subscript “atm” = indicator for value in overlying atmosphere

subscript “c” = indicator for condensation temperature (cloud base)

subscript “in” = indicator of inflow value

subscript “init” = indicator of initial value, changed later in the calculation-loop

subscript “p” = present-day

subscript “s” = summer

subscript “sap” = indicator of past value

subscript “sml” = summer mixed layer

subscript “ssth” = summer sub-thermocline layer (winter water below summer thermocline)

subscript “w” = winter

subscript "wml" = winter mixed layer  
 t = residence time  
 T = water temperature  
 Ta = air temperature  
 V = wind speed  
 Vol = volume  
 X = excess of evaporation over all freshwater input  
 z = depth  
 $\alpha$  = factor for pycnocline shoaling  
 $\gamma$  = factor for buoyancy loss change  
 $\delta$  =  $\delta^{18}\text{O}$  (oxygen isotope ratio)  
 $\delta\text{B}$  = mean oxygen isotope ratio of B  
 $\delta\text{inp}$  = present-day inflow oxygen isotope ratio of water (in St. of Gibraltar)  
 $\delta\text{R}$  = mean oxygen isotope ratio of runoff  
 $\rho$  = density of air at mean sea-level pressure of 1012 mbar  
 $\Omega$  = factor for Qin change due to buoyancy loss change ( $\gamma$ )  
 x = fraction of summer mixed-layer depth relative to winter mixed-layer depth  
 $\alpha\text{s}$  = water oxygen isotope fractionation factor at evaporation (summer)  
 $\alpha\text{w}$  = water oxygen isotope fractionation factor at evaporation (winter)  
 $\alpha\text{cs}$  = water oxygen isotope fractionation factor at condensation (summer)  
 $\alpha\text{cw}$  = water oxygen isotope fractionation factor at condensation (winter)  
 $\alpha\text{calc}$  = fractionation factor for oxygen isotopes at calcification

augment = operator for collating columns  
 ceil = operator for rounding up to nearest integer  
 rnorm = operator for random number selection from normal distribution  
 stack = operator for collating rows  
 submatrix = operator for reading out part of a matrix

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Results :=
"make an initial (token) start for the results output matrix"
res ← res0
for f ∈ 0..36
"set a sea-level range for solutions"
SL ← 30 - f.5
"make an initial (token) start for the loop output matrix (later removed)"
out ← out0
for a ∈ 1..N
"set a sign convention for sea-level lowering (model uses lowering as a + value)"
sl ← -SL
"set relative humidity, after Rohling (1999), and so that modern freshwater balance and salinities agree with observations"
r ← 0.7 +  $\frac{0.05}{3} \cdot \text{rnorm}(1, 0, 1)$ 
"set wind speed to modern annual mean (Garrett et al., 1993), with shift to stronger (winter-type) values at glacial times, and with a 3 sigma uncertainty of 1 m/s"
V ← 7.5 + 1 ·  $\frac{\text{sl}}{120} + \frac{1}{3} \cdot \text{rnorm}(1, 0, 1)$ 
"set depth of summer mixed layer (zsm) to 30±5 m where 5 is a 3sigma range (Nykjaer, 2009)"
zsm ← 30 +  $\frac{5}{3} \cdot \text{rnorm}(1, 0, 1)$ 
"set isotopic values for dR and dB to modern values with 3 sigma ranges over ±1 ppt"
δRw ← δR - 1 +  $\frac{1}{3} \cdot \text{rnorm}(1, 0, 1)$ 
δRs ← δR + 1 +  $\frac{1}{3} \cdot \text{rnorm}(1, 0, 1)$ 
δPw ← δRw
δPs ← δRs
δBw ← δB +  $\frac{1}{3} \cdot \text{rnorm}(1, 0, 1)$ 
δBs ← δB +  $\frac{1}{3} \cdot \text{rnorm}(1, 0, 1)$ 
"set R and B fluxes to modern values with uncertainties over 3 sigma ranges of ± 10 %"
"B is set to zero when sea level is below 80 or more m below present"
B ←  $\begin{cases} \left(1 + \frac{0.1}{3} \cdot \text{rnorm}(1, 0, 1)\right) \cdot B_p & \text{if } \text{sl} \leq 80 \\ 0 & \text{if } \text{sl} > 80 \end{cases}$ 
"set T changes after Hayes et al (2005). Summer 23 to 19 = 4 deg. C and Winter 16 to 12.5 = 3.5 deg. C"
"apply those glacial-interglacial gradients relative to modern Ts = 22 and Tw = 16 deg. C, after Nykjaer (2009) and Stanev (see Rohling, 1999)"
Ts ← 22 -  $\left(5 + \frac{1}{3} \cdot \text{rnorm}(1, 0, 1)\right) \cdot \frac{\text{sl}}{120}$ 
Tw ← 16 -  $\left(3.5 + \frac{1}{3} \cdot \text{rnorm}(1, 0, 1)\right) \cdot \frac{\text{sl}}{120}$ 
"set summer and winter air-sea T differences as described in note to the side"
ΔTs ← 0.5 +  $\left(1 + \frac{1}{3} \cdot \text{rnorm}(1, 0, 1)\right) \cdot \frac{\text{sl}}{120}$ 
" ...."

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Perform calculations N times, which gives the matrix of results over which probability intervals are determined

Regarding  $\Delta T$ , Artale et al (2002 JGR) argue that it should be very small in strong wind conditions. We use different  $\Delta T$  values for summer and winter for the Present, as summarised in Rohling (1999), but we let  $\Delta T$ s become equal to  $\Delta T_w$  at full glacial times (= 'locking' the basin in modern winter mode)

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$$\Delta T_w \leftarrow 1.5 + \frac{1}{3} \cdot \text{rnorm}(1, 0, 1)$$

Tssrh  $\leftarrow$  Tw

$$T_{\text{int}} \leftarrow T_w - \left( 1 + \frac{1}{3} \cdot \text{rnorm}(1, 0, 1) \right)$$

"set Atlantic inflow T so that there is no net heat gain/loss in Mediterranean beyond a 3 sigma = ±1 deg. C difference"

$$T_{\text{atlantic}} \leftarrow T_{\text{int}} + \frac{1}{3} \cdot \text{rnorm}(1, 0, 1)$$

Tas  $\leftarrow$  Ts -  $\Delta T$ s
Taw  $\leftarrow$  Tw -  $\Delta T_w$ 
"calculate SUMMER half-year evaporation"
"Following Abbott and Tabony (1985)"
L  $\leftarrow$  (2500.84 - 2.34·Ts)·103

$$e_{\text{ss}} \leftarrow 10^{-2} \cdot 55.17 - 6803 \cdot (T_s + 273.15)^{-1} - 5.07 \cdot \ln(T_s + 273.15)$$


$$e_{\text{as}} \leftarrow 10^{-2} \cdot 55.17 - 6803 \cdot (T_{\text{as}} + 273.15)^{-1} - 5.07 \cdot \ln(T_{\text{as}} + 273.15)$$

"Then, following Wells (1986)"

$$q_{\text{ss}} \leftarrow \frac{e_{\text{ss}}}{p - e_{\text{ss}}} \cdot \left( \frac{18.0153}{28.965} \right)$$


$$q_{\text{as}} \leftarrow \frac{e_{\text{as}}}{p - e_{\text{as}}} \cdot \left( \frac{18.0153}{28.965} \right)$$

"calculate Es in m3/y over the summer HALF year"

$$E_s \leftarrow \frac{\rho \cdot L \cdot C \cdot V \cdot (q_{\text{ss}} - r \cdot q_{\text{as}}) \cdot \text{Area}}{2} \cdot 1.26 \cdot 10^{-2}$$

"maintain modern E:P proportion (Garrett et al., 1993)"
Ps  $\leftarrow$  0.4·Es
"change amount of runoff in proportion to change in amount of precipitation"

$$R_s \leftarrow \left( 1 + \frac{0.1}{3} \cdot \text{rnorm}(1, 0, 1) \right) \cdot R_p \cdot \frac{P_s}{P}$$

"calculating WINTER half-year evaporation"
"Following Abbott and Tabony (1985)"
L  $\leftarrow$  (2500.84 - 2.34·Tw)·103

$$e_{\text{sw}} \leftarrow 10^{-2} \cdot 55.17 - 6803 \cdot (T_w + 273.15)^{-1} - 5.07 \cdot \ln(T_w + 273.15)$$


$$e_{\text{aw}} \leftarrow 10^{-2} \cdot 55.17 - 6803 \cdot (T_{\text{aw}} + 273.15)^{-1} - 5.07 \cdot \ln(T_{\text{aw}} + 273.15)$$

"Then, following Wells (1986; p.83)"

$$q_{\text{sw}} \leftarrow \frac{e_{\text{sw}}}{p - e_{\text{sw}}} \cdot \left( \frac{18.0153}{28.965} \right)$$


$$q_{\text{aw}} \leftarrow \frac{e_{\text{aw}}}{p - e_{\text{aw}}} \cdot \left( \frac{18.0153}{28.965} \right)$$

"calculating Ew in m3/y over the summer HALF year"

$$E_w \leftarrow \frac{\rho \cdot L \cdot C \cdot V \cdot (q_{\text{sw}} - r \cdot q_{\text{aw}}) \cdot \text{Area}}{2} \cdot 1.26 \cdot 10^{-2}$$

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Pw ← 0.4·Ew
"change amount of runoff in proportion to change in amount of precipitation"
Rw ←  $\left(1 + \frac{0.1}{3} \cdot \text{norm}(1, 0, 1)\right) \cdot \frac{Pw}{P}$ 
"calculate freshwater budget"
Bs ←  $\frac{Bp}{2} + \frac{\text{sinc}}{100} \cdot (B - Bp)$ 
Bw ←  $\frac{Bp}{2} + \frac{100 - \text{sinc}}{100} \cdot (B - Bp)$ 
Xs ← Es - Ps - Rs - Bs
Xw ← Ew - Pw - Rw - Bw
"set past inflow salinity and oxygen isotope value as function of present inflow values plus general glacial enrichment"
Sinsap ← Sinp +  $\frac{sl}{120} \cdot 1$ 
δinsap ← δinp + sl·0.009
"set exchange reduction factor PHI as function of sea level, after Rohling (1991a, 1994, 1999; Rohling and Bryden, 1994)"
Φ ←  $1 - 0.5 \cdot \frac{sl}{120}$ 
"set exchange reduction factor gamma as function of buoyancy loss, after Rohling (1991b, 1994, 1999; Rohling and Bryden, 1994)"
"then determine exchange relative to the present"
Xsap ← Xs + Xw
γ ←  $\frac{Xsap}{Xp}$ 
Ω ←  $\frac{1}{3}$ 
Qinp ← Ap
Qinsap ← Ω·Φ·Qinp
Qoutsap ← Qinsap - Xsap
"subdivide inflow over sml and ssth; first calculate pycnocline shoaling, after Rohling & Bryden (1994)"
α ←  $\frac{Ap \cdot \Phi \cdot \Omega - \gamma}{Xp} \cdot \frac{Sinp}{Sinsap - 1}$ 
"set modern depth of winter mixed layer (zwm1) at 150 m (minimum value in Nykjaer, 2009)"
"zwm1 - zsm1 then gives thickness of summer sub-thermocline layer (zssth)"
zssth ← (α·150) - zsm1
"calculate the fractionation factors and residence times"
Tcw ← Tw -  $\left(5 + \frac{1}{3} \cdot \text{norm}(1, 0, 1)\right)$ 
Tcs ← Ts -  $\left(5 + \frac{1}{3} \cdot \text{norm}(1, 0, 1)\right)$ 
αs ←  $e^{-\frac{1.137}{(Ts+273.15)^2} \cdot 10^3 - \frac{0.4156}{Ts+273.15} - 2.0667 \cdot 10^{-3}}$ 
αw ←  $e^{-\frac{1.137}{(Tw+273.15)^2} \cdot 10^3 - \frac{0.4156}{Tw+273.15} - 2.0667 \cdot 10^{-3}}$ 
" ....."

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δEeqs ← -ln(αs) · 103
δEeqw ← -ln(αw) · 103
αcs ← e- $\frac{1.137}{(Tcs+273.15)^2} \cdot 10^3 - \frac{0.4156}{Tcs+273.15} - 2.0667 \cdot 10^{-3}$ 
αcw ← e- $\frac{1.137}{(Tcw+273.15)^2} \cdot 10^3 - \frac{0.4156}{Tcw+273.15} - 2.0667 \cdot 10^{-3}$ 
δatms ← δRs - ln(αcs) · 103
δatmw ← δRw - ln(αcw) · 103
Zs ←  $\frac{qas}{qss}$ 
Zw ←  $\frac{qaw}{qsw}$ 
x ←  $\frac{zsml}{zssth + zsml}$ 
Volssth ← Area-zssth
Volsml ← Area-zsml
tsml ←  $\frac{Volsml}{x \cdot Qinsap}$ 
T ← ceil(tsml)
αcalcTs ← e- $\frac{2.78}{(Ts+273.15)^2} \cdot 10^3 - 3.39 \cdot 10^{-3}$ 
αcalcTw ← e- $\frac{2.78}{(Tw+273.15)^2} \cdot 10^3 - 3.39 \cdot 10^{-3}$ 
αcalcTint ← e- $\frac{2.78}{(Tint+273.15)^2} \cdot 10^3 - 3.39 \cdot 10^{-3}$ 
αcalcTatlantic ← e- $\frac{2.78}{(Tatlantic+273.15)^2} \cdot 10^3 - 3.39 \cdot 10^{-3}$ 
δinit ← δinsap
Sinit ← Sinsap
"now do the box-loop calculations"
for k ∈ 0 .. 500
  δEs ← δinit + δEeqs
  Ssml ←  $\frac{\left(\frac{1}{T} \cdot Sinsap + \frac{T-1}{T} \cdot Sinit\right) \cdot Volsml}{Volsml - Xs}$ 
  δsml ←  $\frac{\left(\frac{1}{T} \cdot \delta insap + \frac{T-1}{T} \cdot \delta init\right) \cdot Volsml + Rs \cdot \delta Rs + Bs \cdot \delta Bs + Ps \cdot \delta Ps - Es \cdot \delta Es}{Volsml - Xs}$ 
  for m ∈ 1 .. 50
    δEs ←  $\left[ \frac{1 + \delta sml \cdot 10^{-3}}{\alpha s} - Zs \cdot r - \delta atms \cdot 10^{-3} \cdot Zs \cdot r \right] \cdot 10^3$ 
    " ...."

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Loop set to iterate k = 500  
times to ensure steady state  
is achieved in each box once  
fluxes and residence times  
are adjusted

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lines (....) for  
pagination



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delta_sml <- (1/T * delta_sinsap + (T-1)/T * delta_init) * Volsml + Rs * delta_Rs + Bs * delta_Bs + Ps * delta_Ps - Es * delta_Es
delta_sml <- Volsml - Xs
delta_sml
Ssssth <- (1/T * Sinsap + (T-1)/T * Sinit) * Volssth
delta_ssth <- (1/T * delta_sinsap + (T-1)/T * delta_init) * Volssth
Qsml <- Volsml - Xs
Qssth <- Volssth
delta_Ew <- zsm1 * delta_sml + zsssth * delta_ssth + delta_Eeqw
Swml <- Qsml * Ssml + Qssth * Sssth
delta_wml <- Qsml * delta_sml + Qssth * delta_ssth + Rw * delta_Rw + Bw * delta_Bw + Pw * delta_Pw - Ew * delta_Ew
for h in 1..50
  delta_Ewh <- (1 + delta_wml * 10^-3) / (alpha_w - Zwh * tau - delta_atmw * 10^-3 * Zwh * tau) - 1 * 10^3
  delta_wml <- (Qsml * delta_sml + Qssth * delta_ssth + Rw * delta_Rw + Bw * delta_Bw + Pw * delta_Pw - Ew * delta_Ew) / (Qsml + Qssth - Xw)
  delta_wml
Sinit <- Swml
delta_init <- delta_wml
delta_sml <- 10^3 * ln(ocalcTs) + (delta_sml - 30.92) / 1.03092
delta_ssth <- 10^3 * ln(ocalcTw) + (delta_ssth - 30.92) / 1.03092
delta_wml <- 10^3 * ln(ocalcTw) + (delta_wml - 30.92) / 1.03092
delta_intc <- 10^3 * ln(ocalcTint) + (delta_wml - 30.92) / 1.03092
delta_ac <- 10^3 * ln(ocalcTatlantic) + (delta_sinsap - 30.92) / 1.03092
zwml <- zsm1 + zsssth
outa <- augment(-sl, Ssml, Sssth, Swml, delta_sml, delta_ssth, delta_wml, delta_smlc, delta_ssthc, delta_wmlc, delta_intc, delta_ac, Sinsap, delta_sinsap, zsm1, zsssth, Xsap, Ew, Es, zwml)
out <- stack(out, outa)
subout <- submatrix(out, 1, N, 0, 19)
Ssmldata <- augment(median(subout<sup>1</sup>), percentile(subout<sup>1</sup>, 0.16) - median(subout<sup>1</sup>), percentile(subout<sup>1</sup>, 0.025) - median(subout<sup>1</sup>), percentile(subout<sup>1</sup>, 0.84) - median(subout<sup>1</sup>), percentile(subout<sup>1</sup>, 0.975) - median(subout<sup>1</sup>))
Sssthdata <- augment(median(subout<sup>2</sup>), percentile(subout<sup>2</sup>, 0.16) - median(subout<sup>2</sup>), percentile(subout<sup>2</sup>, 0.025) - median(subout<sup>2</sup>), percentile(subout<sup>2</sup>, 0.84) - median(subout<sup>2</sup>), percentile(subout<sup>2</sup>, 0.975) - median(subout<sup>2</sup>))
Swmldata <- augment(median(subout<sup>3</sup>), percentile(subout<sup>3</sup>, 0.16) - median(subout<sup>3</sup>), percentile(subout<sup>3</sup>, 0.025) - median(subout<sup>3</sup>), percentile(subout<sup>3</sup>, 0.84) - median(subout<sup>3</sup>), percentile(subout<sup>3</sup>, 0.975) - median(subout<sup>3</sup>))
delta_smldata <- augment(median(subout<sup>4</sup>), percentile(subout<sup>4</sup>, 0.16) - median(subout<sup>4</sup>), percentile(subout<sup>4</sup>, 0.025) - median(subout<sup>4</sup>), percentile(subout<sup>4</sup>, 0.84) - median(subout<sup>4</sup>), percentile(subout<sup>4</sup>, 0.975) - median(subout<sup>4</sup>))
delta_ssthdata <- augment(median(subout<sup>5</sup>), percentile(subout<sup>5</sup>, 0.16) - median(subout<sup>5</sup>), percentile(subout<sup>5</sup>, 0.025) - median(subout<sup>5</sup>), percentile(subout<sup>5</sup>, 0.84) - median(subout<sup>5</sup>), percentile(subout<sup>5</sup>, 0.975) - median(subout<sup>5</sup>))
" ....."

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δwmldata ← augment(median(subout'6'), percentile(subout'6', 0.16) – median(subout'6'), percentile(subout'6', 0.025) – median(subout'6'), percentile(subout'6', 0.84) – median(subout'6'), percentile(subout'6', 0.975) – median(subout'6'))
δsmldata ← augment(median(subout'7'), percentile(subout'7', 0.16) – median(subout'7'), percentile(subout'7', 0.025) – median(subout'7'), percentile(subout'7', 0.84) – median(subout'7'), percentile(subout'7', 0.975) – median(subout'7'))
δssshdata ← augment(median(subout'8'), percentile(subout'8', 0.16) – median(subout'8'), percentile(subout'8', 0.025) – median(subout'8'), percentile(subout'8', 0.84) – median(subout'8'), percentile(subout'8', 0.975) – median(subout'8'))
δwmlcdata ← augment(median(subout'9'), percentile(subout'9', 0.16) – median(subout'9'), percentile(subout'9', 0.025) – median(subout'9'), percentile(subout'9', 0.84) – median(subout'9'), percentile(subout'9', 0.975) – median(subout'9'))
δincdata ← augment(median(subout'10'), percentile(subout'10', 0.16) – median(subout'10'), percentile(subout'10', 0.025) – median(subout'10'), percentile(subout'10', 0.84) – median(subout'10'), percentile(subout'10', 0.975) – median(subout'10'))
δacdata ← augment(median(subout'11'), percentile(subout'11', 0.16) – median(subout'11'), percentile(subout'11', 0.025) – median(subout'11'), percentile(subout'11', 0.84) – median(subout'11'), percentile(subout'11', 0.975) – median(subout'11'))
Xsapdata ← augment(median(subout'16'), percentile(subout'16', 0.16) – median(subout'16'), percentile(subout'16', 0.025) – median(subout'16'), percentile(subout'16', 0.84) – median(subout'16'), percentile(subout'16', 0.975) – median(subout'16'))
Ewdata ← augment(median(subout'17'), percentile(subout'17', 0.16) – median(subout'17'), percentile(subout'17', 0.025) – median(subout'17'), percentile(subout'17', 0.84) – median(subout'17'), percentile(subout'17', 0.975) – median(subout'17'))
Esdata ← augment(median(subout'18'), percentile(subout'18', 0.16) – median(subout'18'), percentile(subout'18', 0.025) – median(subout'18'), percentile(subout'18', 0.84) – median(subout'18'), percentile(subout'18', 0.975) – median(subout'18'))
zwmldata ← augment(median(subout'19'), percentile(subout'19', 0.16) – median(subout'19'), percentile(subout'19', 0.025) – median(subout'19'), percentile(subout'19', 0.84) – median(subout'19'), percentile(subout'19', 0.975) – median(subout'19'))
resa ← augment(-sl, Ssmldata, Swmldata, Ssshdata, Ssmldata, δsmldata, δssshdata, δwmlcdata, δincdata, δacdata, Xsapdata, Ewdata, Esdata, zwmldata)
res ← stack(res, resa)

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res